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## Structures of Bis(3-phenylsydnone) Sulfide (1), Bis[3-(*p*-methoxyphenyl)sydnone] Sulfide (2), and Bis[3-(*p*-ethoxyphenyl)sydnone] Sulfide (3)

BY CHUEN-HER UENG\* AND YU WANG†

*Department of Chemistry, National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan*

AND MOU-YUNG YEH

*Department of Chemistry, National Cheng Kung University, Tainan, Taiwan*

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**Abstract.** (1)  $C_{16}H_{10}N_4O_4S$ ,  $M_r = 354$ , monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ ,  $a = 10.347$  (2),  $b = 7.777$  (1),  $c = 19.796$  (4) Å,  $\beta = 100.33$  (2)°,  $V = 1567.13$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ,  $D_m = 1.52$  (3),  $D_x = 1.50$  g cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $\lambda(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 0.7093$  Å,  $\mu(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 2.26$  cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $F(000) = 728$ ,  $T = 298$  K, final  $R = 0.033$  for 2922 observed reflections. (2)  $C_{18}H_{14}N_4O_6S$ ,  $M_r = 414$ , monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ ,  $a = 14.255$  (2),  $b = 9.344$  (1),  $c = 15.250$  (2) Å,  $\beta = 116.61$  (1)°,  $V = 1816.12$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ,  $D_m = 1.50$  (3),  $D_x = 1.52$  g cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $\lambda(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 0.7093$  Å,  $\mu(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 2.14$  cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $F(000) = 856$ ,  $T = 298$  K, final  $R = 0.039$  for 2066 observed reflections. (3)  $C_{20}H_{18}N_4O_6S$ ,  $M_r = 442$ , monoclinic,  $C2/c$ ,  $a = 20.724$  (5),  $b = 12.157$  (3),  $c = 8.201$  (3) Å,  $\beta = 95.10$  (2)°,  $V = 2057.88$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ,  $D_m = 1.45$  (3),  $D_x = 1.43$  g cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $\lambda(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 0.7093$  Å,  $\mu(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 1.94$  cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $F(000) = 920$ ,  $T = 298$  K, final  $R = 0.039$  for 1088 observed reflections. The bond lengths of the sydnone ring are similar in all three compounds and comparable to those of other 3,4-disubstituted sydnone derivatives.

The N(1)–C(7) bonds of the title compounds are apparently longer than those of 3-substituted sydnone derivatives which may be attributed to steric effects. A survey of S–C bond lengths and angles between planes of different substituted diaryl sulfides does not show any correlation with the type of substituents. The shortening of the S–C bond lengths of the title compounds *versus* the average bond lengths in the cyclic 1,3,5-trithiane may be attributable to orbital electronegativity effects. In contrast to the ‘morino’ conformation found in most other diaryl sulfides, all three title compounds appear in the butterfly conformation.

**Introduction.** The crystal structures of a few 3,4-disubstituted sydnone derivatives have recently been studied (Ueng, Wang & Yeh, 1987*a,b*) and the bond lengths of the sydnone rings were compared with those of 3-substituted sydnone derivatives. As part of a series of studies on 3,4-disubstituted sydnone compounds, the three bis-sydnone sulfide structures were investigated in order to confirm further the steric effect between the phenyl ring and the sydnone ring. In addition, the lone-pair electrons on the S atom may have some effect

\* Permanent address: Department of Chemistry, National Taiwan Normal University, Taipei, Taiwan.

† To whom correspondence should be addressed.

on the S—C bond for these compounds. The conformation of such compounds around the S atom is also of interest.

Table 1. Atomic positional parameters and equivalent isotropic temperature factors for (1), (2) and (3)

$B_{eq} = (8/3)\pi^2 \sum_i \sum_j U_{ij} a_i^* a_j^* a_i \cdot a_j$			
Compound (1)	x	y	z
S	0.9319 (1)	0.2026 (1)	0.37728 (2)
C1A	0.6655 (1)	0.3777 (2)	0.2852 (1)
C2A	0.6579 (2)	0.4576 (2)	0.3461 (1)
C3A	0.5355 (2)	0.4717 (3)	0.3645 (1)
C4A	0.4260 (2)	0.4090 (3)	0.3226 (1)
C5A	0.4362 (2)	0.3302 (3)	0.2618 (1)
C6A	0.5569 (2)	0.3135 (3)	0.2417 (1)
C7A	0.9058 (1)	0.2990 (2)	0.2969 (1)
C8A	0.9986 (2)	0.3242 (2)	0.2535 (1)
N1A	0.7920 (1)	0.3656 (2)	0.2635 (1)
N2A	0.7964 (1)	0.4264 (2)	0.2023 (1)
O1A	0.9252 (1)	0.4027 (2)	0.1948 (1)
O2A	1.1142 (1)	0.2957 (2)	0.2580 (1)
C1B	1.2362 (1)	0.1406 (2)	0.4572 (1)
C2B	1.2750 (2)	0.0805 (2)	0.5231 (1)
C3B	1.3435 (2)	-0.0721 (3)	0.5322 (1)
C4B	1.3722 (2)	-0.1593 (2)	0.4767 (1)
C5B	1.3307 (2)	-0.0977 (3)	0.4109 (1)
C6B	1.2619 (2)	0.0545 (2)	0.4003 (1)
C7B	1.0483 (1)	0.3466 (2)	0.4181 (1)
C8B	1.0342 (2)	0.5246 (2)	0.4276 (1)
N1B	1.1719 (1)	0.3061 (2)	0.4490 (1)
N2B	1.2402 (1)	0.4359 (2)	0.4785 (1)
O1B	1.1564 (1)	0.5751 (2)	0.4649 (1)
O2B	0.9470 (1)	0.6275 (2)	0.4117 (1)
Compound (2)			
S	0.0283 (1)	0.3751 (1)	0.0874 (1)
C7A	0.0003 (2)	0.2709 (3)	0.1663 (2)
N1A	0.0708 (2)	0.2017 (2)	0.2466 (2)
N2A	0.0310 (2)	0.1239 (3)	0.2926 (2)
O1A	-0.0757 (2)	0.1430 (2)	0.2395 (2)
O2A	-0.1883 (2)	0.2678 (3)	0.1059 (2)
C8A	-0.0996 (2)	0.2362 (3)	0.1591 (2)
C1A	0.1843 (2)	0.2014 (3)	0.2902 (2)
C2A	0.2366 (2)	0.0731 (3)	0.3148 (2)
C3A	0.3439 (2)	0.0725 (3)	0.3634 (2)
C4A	0.3980 (2)	0.2004 (4)	0.3866 (2)
C5A	0.3449 (2)	0.3286 (3)	0.3606 (2)
C6A	0.2361 (2)	0.3294 (3)	0.3117 (2)
O3A	0.5044 (2)	0.1891 (3)	0.4350 (2)
C9A	0.5642 (3)	0.3162 (5)	0.4667 (3)
C7B	0.0222 (2)	0.2490 (3)	0.0019 (2)
N1B	0.1053 (2)	0.1903 (2)	-0.0049 (2)
N2B	0.0817 (2)	0.0916 (3)	-0.0728 (2)
O1B	-0.0258 (2)	0.0812 (2)	-0.1135 (1)
O2B	-0.1611 (2)	0.1900 (3)	-0.0987 (2)
C8B	-0.0679 (2)	0.1820 (3)	-0.0705 (2)
C1B	0.2149 (2)	0.2256 (3)	0.0508 (2)
C2B	0.2836 (2)	0.1205 (3)	0.1027 (2)
C3B	0.3885 (2)	0.1532 (4)	0.1544 (2)
C4B	0.4224 (2)	0.2899 (4)	0.1504 (2)
C5B	0.3518 (3)	0.3946 (3)	0.0963 (2)
C6B	0.2470 (2)	0.3639 (3)	0.0466 (2)
O3B	0.5243 (2)	0.3337 (3)	0.1985 (2)
C9B	0.6034 (3)	0.2288 (5)	0.2450 (3)
Compound (3)			
S	0.5000	0.0334 (1)	0.2500
C1	0.3520 (1)	0.1074 (2)	0.1155 (3)
C2	0.3091 (1)	0.1824 (2)	0.1700 (4)
C3	0.2533 (2)	0.1448 (2)	0.2302 (4)
C4	0.2414 (1)	0.0335 (2)	0.2376 (4)
C5	0.2858 (1)	-0.0404 (2)	0.1819 (4)
C6	0.3414 (1)	-0.0040 (2)	0.1207 (4)
C8	0.5104 (1)	0.1933 (2)	0.0040 (4)
C7	0.4727 (1)	0.1247 (2)	0.0970 (3)
C9	0.1403 (2)	0.0605 (3)	0.3534 (4)
C10	0.0840 (2)	-0.0080 (3)	0.3893 (5)
N1	0.4098 (1)	0.1491 (2)	0.0508 (3)
N2	0.4018 (1)	0.2231 (2)	-0.0652 (3)
O1	0.4635 (1)	0.2534 (2)	-0.0944 (2)
O2	0.5671 (1)	0.2096 (2)	-0.0009 (3)
O3	0.1879 (1)	-0.0123 (2)	0.2945 (3)

**Experimental.** (1) C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S, crystal 0.4 × 0.4 × 0.6 mm. CAD-4 diffractometer. Unit-cell dimensions: 25 reflections, 2θ range 17 to 31°. *D<sub>m</sub>* by flotation (CCl<sub>4</sub>/CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Absorption corrections were made according to experimental ψ rotation; normalized transmission coefficients 0.97–1.00. 2θ<sub>max</sub> = 60°. Ranges of *h, k, l*; -14 to 14, 0 to 10, 0 to 27, respectively. Three standard reflections monitored every 2 h: variation < 3%. 4538 unique reflections, 2922 observed with *I* > 3σ(*I*). *R* = 0.033, *wR* = 0.028, *S* = 2.30. Weighting scheme from counting statistics. Structure solved by heavy-atom method. H atoms found in difference Fourier map after isotropic refinement and then refined. (Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> = 0.37. Peaks in final Δρ map

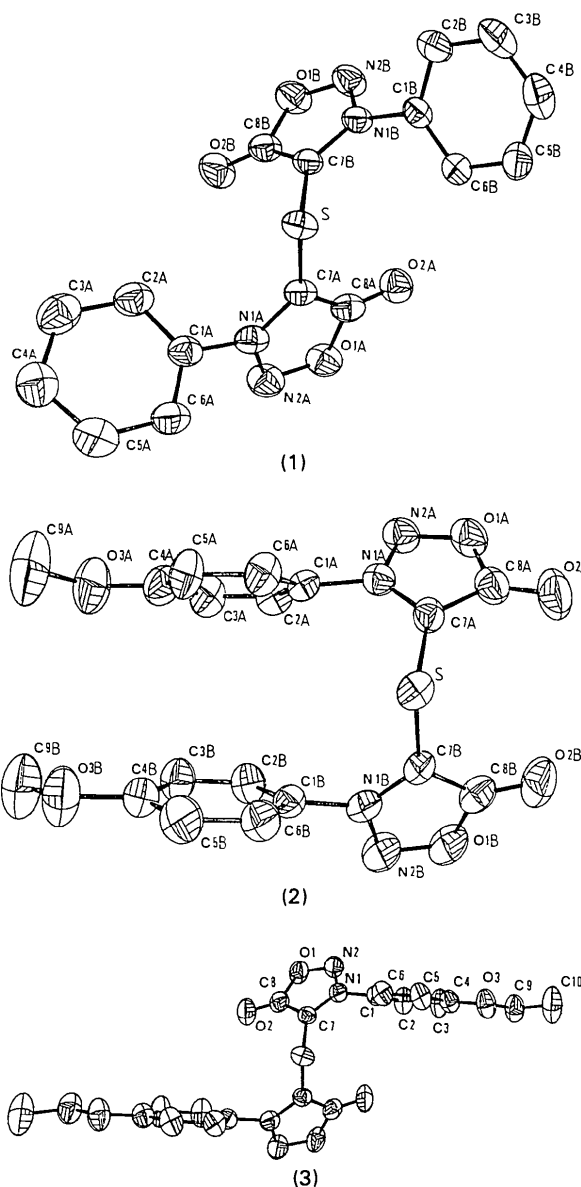


Fig. 1. The crystal structures of (1), (2) and (3).

0.24 to  $-0.21 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ . Extinction coefficient 1.96 (length in  $\mu\text{m}$ ). Atomic scattering factors from *International Tables for X-ray Crystallography* (1974). Computing programs: NRCC SDP PDP-11 package (Gabe & Lee, 1981), *MULTAN* and *ORTEP* from Enraf-Nonius (1979) *Structure Determination Package*. (2)  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6\text{S}$ , crystal  $0.2 \times 0.4 \times 0.4 \text{ mm}$ . Unit cell: 25 reflections,  $2\theta$  range 15 to  $23^\circ$ . Normalized transmission coefficients 0.97–1.00. Ranges of  $h, k, l$ :  $-20$  to 20, 0 to 13, 0 to 21, respectively. 5267 unique reflections, 2066 observed with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ .  $R = 0.039$ ,  $wR = 0.037$ ,  $S = 1.63$ . Structure solved by direct method using the *MULTAN* program.  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ . Peaks in final  $\Delta\rho$  map 0.17 to  $-0.18 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ . Extinction coefficient 0.302 (length in  $\mu\text{m}$ ). Other details as for (1). (3)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6\text{S}$ , crystal  $0.2 \times 0.2 \times 0.3 \text{ mm}$ . Unit cell: 25 reflections,  $2\theta$  range 10 to  $24^\circ$ .  $D_m$  by flotation ( $\text{CCl}_4/\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ). Normalized transmission coefficients 0.94–1.00. Ranges of  $h, k, l$ :  $-29$  to 29, 0 to 17, 0 to 11, respectively. 3004 unique reflections, 1088 observed with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ .  $R = 0.039$ ,  $wR = 0.033$ ,  $S = 1.67$ . Structure solved by direct method using the *MULTAN* program,  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.31$ . Peaks in final  $\Delta\rho$  map 0.15 to  $-0.16 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ . Extinction coefficient 0.078 (length in  $\mu\text{m}$ ). Other details as for (1).

**Discussion.** Atomic positional parameters and equivalent isotropic temperature factors are listed in Table 1.\* The molecular structures and the crystal packing

\* Lists of structure factors, anisotropic thermal parameters and H-atom parameters have been deposited with the British Library Document Supply Centre as Supplementary Publication No. SUP 51476 (95 pp.). Copies may be obtained through The Executive Secretary, International Union of Crystallography, 5 Abbey Square, Chester CH1 2HU, England.

diagrams are shown in Figs. 1 and 2. The bond lengths and angles are shown in Tables 2 and 3.

The bond lengths of the sydnone ring are listed in Table 4 and compared with those from other 3,4-disubstituted sydnone derivatives. The bond lengths of the sydnone ring are similar in these three title structures and comparable to those of other 3,4-disubstituted sydnone derivatives. The N(1)–C(7) bond lengths of the title compounds are 1.350 (1), 1.352 (3) and 1.358 (3) Å, respectively. As found before, the lengthening of the N(1)–C(7) bond compared with the

Table 2. Bond lengths (Å) for (1), (2) and (3)

Compound (1)								
S	C7A	1.736 (2)	S	C7B	1.735 (2)	C1A	C2A	1.373 (2)
C1A	C6A	1.381 (2)	C1A	N1A	1.452 (2)	C2A	C3A	1.382 (2)
C3A	C4A	1.369 (3)	C4A	C5A	1.370 (3)	C5A	C6A	1.383 (3)
C7A	C8A	1.412 (2)	C7A	N1A	1.347 (2)	C8A	O1A	1.409 (2)
C8A	O2A	1.204 (2)	N1A	N2A	1.308 (2)	N2A	O1A	1.380 (2)
C1B	C2B	1.376 (2)	C1B	C6B	1.377 (2)	C1B	N1B	1.445 (2)
C2B	C3B	1.377 (3)	C3B	C4B	1.369 (3)	C4B	C5B	1.383 (3)
C5B	C6B	1.378 (3)	C7B	C8B	1.408 (2)	C7B	N1B	1.352 (2)
C8B	O1B	1.402 (2)	C8B	O2B	1.205 (2)	N1B	N2B	1.307 (2)
N2B	O1B	1.383 (2)						
Compound (2)								
S	C7A	1.729 (3)	S	C7B	1.730 (3)	C7A	N1A	1.351 (4)
C7A	C8A	1.415 (4)	N1A	N2A	1.303 (3)	N1A	C1A	1.448 (3)
N2A	O1A	1.377 (3)	O1A	C8A	1.416 (3)	O2A	C8A	1.194 (3)
C1A	C2A	1.373 (4)	C1A	C6A	1.366 (4)	C2A	C3A	1.369 (4)
C3A	C4A	1.380 (5)	C4A	C5A	1.378 (4)	C4A	O3A	1.361 (4)
C5A	C6A	1.388 (4)	O3A	C9A	1.414 (5)	C7B	N1B	1.352 (4)
C7B	C8B	1.411 (4)	N1B	N2B	1.312 (3)	N1B	C1B	1.443 (3)
N2B	O1B	1.375 (3)	O1B	C8B	1.425 (4)	O2B	C8B	1.201 (4)
C1B	C2B	1.362 (4)	C1B	C6B	1.382 (4)	C2B	C3B	1.376 (4)
C3B	C4B	1.377 (5)	C4B	C5B	1.381 (5)	C4B	O3B	1.364 (4)
C5B	C6B	1.369 (4)	O3B	C9B	1.421 (5)			
Compound (3)								
S	C7	1.732 (3)				C1	C2	1.376 (4)
C1	C6	1.373 (4)	C1	N1	1.445 (4)	C2	C3	1.375 (4)
C3	C4	1.378 (4)	C4	C5	1.392 (4)	C4	O3	1.359 (4)
C5	C6	1.370 (4)	C8	C7	1.411 (4)	C8	O1	1.410 (4)
C8	O2	1.196 (4)	C7	N1	1.358 (3)	C9	C10	1.483 (5)
C9	O3	1.442 (4)	N1	N2	1.309 (3)	N2	O1	1.373 (3)

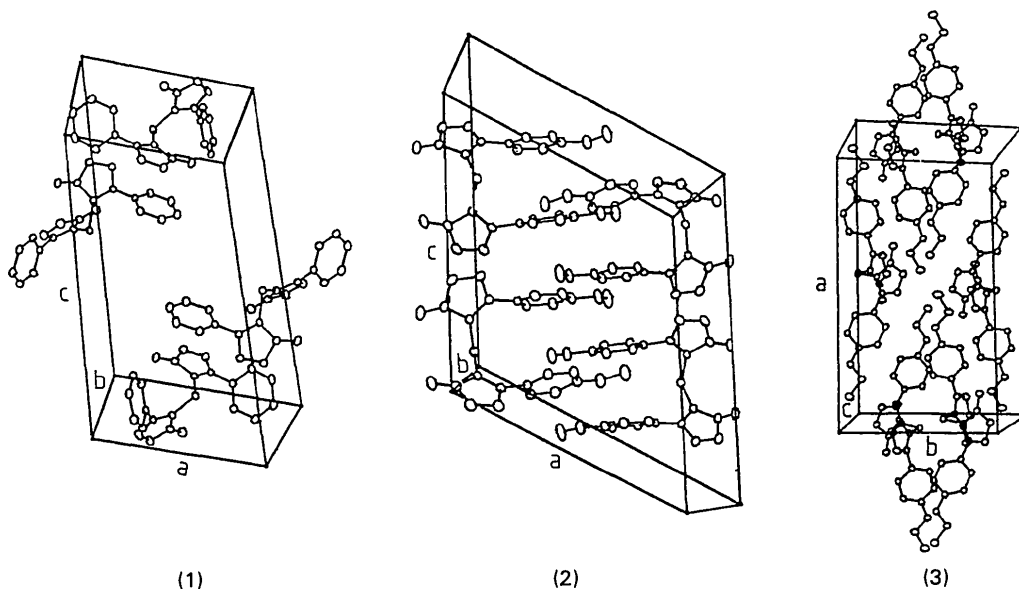


Fig. 2. Packing diagrams for (1), (2) and (3).

Table 3. Bond angles (°) for (1), (2) and (3)

Compound (1)			
C7A	S	C7B	97.38 (7)
C2A	C1A	N1A	119.1 (1)
C1A	C2A	C3A	117.9 (2)
C3A	C4A	C5A	120.4 (2)
C1A	C6A	C5A	117.5 (2)
S	C7A	N1A	126.5 (1)
C7A	C8A	O1A	103.7 (1)
O1A	C8A	O2A	121.5 (1)
C1A	N1A	N2A	115.7 (1)
N1A	N2A	O1A	104.2 (1)
C2B	C1B	C6B	123.0 (2)
C6B	C1B	N1B	119.5 (1)
C2B	C3B	C4B	120.2 (2)
C4B	C5B	C6B	120.3 (2)
S	C7B	C8B	128.1 (1)
C8B	C7B	N1B	106.3 (1)
C7B	C8B	O2B	135.2 (2)
C1B	N1B	C7B	129.6 (1)
C7B	N1B	N2B	114.4 (1)
C2A	C1A	C6A	122.9 (2)
C1A	C1A	N1A	117.9 (1)
C2A	C3A	C4A	120.6 (2)
C4A	C5A	C6A	120.7 (2)
S	C7A	C8A	127.4 (1)
C8A	C7A	N1A	106.1 (2)
C7A	C8A	O2A	134.8 (2)
C1A	N1A	C7A	129.4 (1)
C7A	N1A	N2A	115.0 (1)
C8A	O1A	N2A	110.9 (1)
C2B	C1B	N1B	117.4 (1)
C1B	C2B	C3B	118.2 (2)
C3B	C4B	C5B	120.7 (2)
C1B	C6B	C5B	117.6 (2)
S	C7B	N1B	125.6 (1)
C7B	C8B	O1B	103.9 (1)
O1B	C8B	O2B	120.9 (2)
C1B	N1B	N2B	115.9 (1)
N1B	N2B	O1B	104.4 (1)
Compound (2)			
C7A	S	C7B	101.0 (1)
S	C7A	C8A	127.8 (2)
C7A	N1A	N2A	115.4 (2)
N2A	N1A	C1A	114.7 (2)
N2A	O1A	C8A	111.3 (2)
C7A	C8A	O2A	136.0 (3)
N1A	C1A	C2A	119.1 (3)
S	C7A	N1A	126.2 (2)
N1A	C7A	C8A	106.0 (2)
C7A	N1A	C1A	129.9 (2)
N1A	N2A	O1A	104.1 (2)
C7A	C8A	O1A	103.3 (2)
C7A	C8A	O2A	120.7 (3)
N1A	C1A	C6A	118.7 (3)

Table 3 (cont.)

C2A	C1A	C6A	122.0 (3)
C2A	C3A	C4A	119.8 (3)
C3A	C4A	O3A	115.5 (3)
C4A	C5A	C6A	119.8 (3)
C4A	O3A	C9A	118.4 (3)
S	C7B	C8B	127.8 (2)
C7B	N1B	N2B	115.0 (2)
N2B	N1B	C1B	116.9 (2)
N2B	O1B	C8B	111.1 (2)
C7B	C8B	O2B	136.5 (3)
N1B	C1B	C2B	119.0 (3)
C2B	C1B	C6B	122.3 (3)
C2B	C3B	C4B	119.6 (3)
C3B	C4B	O3B	124.4 (3)
C4B	C5B	C6B	120.3 (3)
C4B	O3B	C9B	118.5 (3)
Compound (3)			
C7	S	C7	100.3 (1)
C2	C1	N1	117.8 (3)
C1	C2	C3	118.9 (3)
C3	C4	C5	119.5 (3)
C5	C4	O3	115.5 (3)
C1	C6	C5	118.2 (3)
C7	C8	O2	135.0 (3)
S	C7	C8	127.6 (2)
C8	C7	N1	106.4 (2)
C1	N1	C7	128.9 (2)
C7	N1	N2	114.2 (2)
C8	O1	N2	111.5 (2)
C14	C24	C34	119.4 (3)
C24	C44	C54	120.5 (3)
C34	C44	O34	124.0 (3)
C14	C64	C54	118.6 (3)
S	C7B	N1B	125.7 (2)
N1B	C7B	C8B	106.4 (2)
C7B	N1B	C1B	128.1 (2)
N1B	N2B	O1B	104.3 (2)
C7B	C8B	O1B	103.3 (2)
O1B	C8B	O2B	120.2 (3)
N1B	C1B	C6B	118.7 (3)
C1B	C2B	C3B	119.1 (3)
C3B	C4B	C5B	120.5 (3)
C5B	C4B	O3B	115.1 (3)
C1B	C6B	C5B	118.2 (3)
C2	C1	C6	122.3 (3)
C6	C1	N1	119.9 (3)
C2	C3	C4	120.2 (3)
C3	C4	O3	124.9 (3)
C4	C5	C6	120.9 (3)
C7	C8	O1	103.3 (2)
O1	C8	O2	121.6 (3)
S	C7	N1	125.8 (2)
C10	C9	O3	107.2 (3)
C1	N1	N2	116.9 (2)
N1	N2	O1	104.5 (2)
C4	O3	C9	117.9 (2)

Table 4. Comparison of selected bond lengths (Å) and some conformational parameters of the sydnone ring in 3,4-disubstituted compounds

	(1) <sup>a</sup>	(2) <sup>a</sup>	(3) <sup>a</sup>	(4) <sup>b</sup>	(5) <sup>b</sup>	(6) <sup>c</sup>	(7) <sup>d</sup>	(8) <sup>e</sup> §
O(1)—C(8)	1.409 (2) 1.402 (2)	1.416 (3) 1.425 (4)	1.410 (4)	1.419 (4)	1.399 (2)	1.406 (3)	1.400 (4)	1.416 (6)
O(1)—N(2)	1.380 (2) 1.383 (2)	1.377 (3) 1.375 (3)	1.373 (3)	1.379 (3)	1.382 (2)	1.379 (2)	1.380 (4)	1.368 (5)
N(2)—N(1)	1.308 (2) 1.307 (2)	1.303 (3) 1.312 (3)	1.309 (3)	1.295 (3)	1.309 (2)	1.318 (2)	1.325 (4)	1.318 (5)
N(1)—C(7)	1.347 (2) 1.352 (2)	1.351 (4) 1.352 (4)	1.358 (3)	1.350 (3)	1.352 (2)	1.351 (2)	1.350 (4)	1.358 (6)
C(7)—C(8)	1.412 (2) 1.408 (2)	1.415 (4) 1.411 (4)	1.411 (4)	1.413 (4)	1.420 (3)	1.416 (2)	1.418 (4)	1.417 (7)
C(8)—O(2)	1.204 (2) 1.205 (2)	1.194 (3) 1.201 (4)	1.196 (4)	1.196 (3)	1.212 (2)	1.217 (2)	1.205 (4)	1.196 (6)
C(7)—C(9)				1.444 (2)	1.453 (4)	1.465 (3)	1.464 (4)	1.429 (6)
S—C(7)	1.736 (2) 1.735 (2)	1.729 (3) 1.730 (3)	1.732 (3)					
Δ[O(2)]*	0.047 (3) 0.015 (3)	0.037 (5) 0.029 (5)	0.044 (4)	0.011 (6)	0.001 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.019 (4)
Δ[S]†	0.053 (3) 0.045 (3)	0.078 (5) 0.100 (5)	0.055 (4)					
ω(°)	53.7 (1) 62.8 (1)	51.0 (1) 59.2 (1)	53.5 (1)	68.4 (2)	78.6 (1)	54.9	63.8	63.0 (2)
χ <sup>‡</sup>	84.5 43.4	7.1 41.4	37.0	5.4	16.4	195.6	21.1	0.7
Color	Light brown	Transparent	Transparent	Brown	Light brown	Transparent	Bright yellow	Light brown

References: (a) this work; (b) Ueng, Wang & Yeh (1987a); (c) Hašek, Obrda, Kuml, Nešpúrek, Chojnacki & Šorm (1978); (d) Hašek, Obrda, Kuml, Nešpúrek & Šorm (1979); (e) Ueng, Wang & Yeh (1987b).

\* Deviation (Å) of O(2) the mean plane of the sydnone ring.

† Deviation (Å) of S from the mean plane of the sydnone ring.

‡ χ<sup>2</sup> is defined as  $\sum_{i=1}^n \Delta d_i^2 / (\sigma_x^2 + \sigma_y^2 + \sigma_z^2)$  as in (b).

§ (4) 4-acetyl-3-(p-tolyl)sydnone; (5) 4-acetyl-3-phenylsydnone oxime; (6) 4-(3-methyl-1-buten-2-yl)-3-phenylsydnone; (7) 4-(cyclohexen-1-yl)-3-phenylsydnone; (8) 3-phenyl-4-(N-carbamoyl-1,4,2-oxathiazolimin-3-yl)sydnone.

corresponding bond in 3,4-disubstituted sydnone derivatives may also be attributed to the steric effect (Ueng, Wang & Yeh, 1987*a,b*).

The bond lengths (S—C), bond angles (CSC') and the angles between the CSC' plane and the sydnone ring of the title compounds and other diaryl sulfides are comparable (Von Deuten & Klar, 1981). There is no apparent trend in such bond lengths. A  $\pi$  interaction between the S atom and the sydnone ring would be expected if the CSC plane and the aryl ring were coplanar. However, this is not obvious; as an example 4-(dimethylamino)phenyl 4-nitrophenyl sulfide (Von Deuten & Klar, 1981) does have one of the aryl rings which is coplanar with the CSC plane, but both S—C lengths are about the same. The shortening of the S—C bonds of the title compounds relative to those of other diaryl sulfides and the average bond lengths of 1,3,5-trithiane [1.818 (5) Å (Fleming & Lynton, 1967)] may be attributable to orbital electronegativity effects.

The C(7)—S(1)—C(7') bond angles of the title compounds [97.4 (1), 101.0 (1) and 100.3 (1)°] are comparable with corresponding angles in the cyclic 1,3,5-trithiane [99.2 (6) and 100.7 (5)°]. The dihedral angles ( $\omega$ ) between the sydnone ring and the phenyl ring are listed in Table 4 for 3,4-disubstituted compounds. It is certainly clear that all such compounds have angles greater than 50°.

Compound (3) has exact  $C_2$  molecular symmetry bisecting the C—S—C' angle which coincides with the crystallographic twofold axis along the *b* axis. Compound (1) has a pseudo twofold axis; the two sydnone-aryl parts of the compound are essentially the

same. However, compound (2) adopts a quite different conformation from those of the other two compounds. The difference can be seen clearly in Fig. 1. The packing in the crystal is also quite different (Fig. 2).

Instead of the 'morino' conformation (Von Deuten & Klar, 1981) with one ring in the C—S—C' plane and the other perpendicular, as found in most other diaryl sulfides, the three title compounds have the butterfly conformation [61.7 (1), 59.3 (1); 88.1 (1), 73.6 (1); 72.9 (1), 72.9 (1)°, respectively].

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## Structures of two Psychoactive 1,4-Benzodiazepines

BY HELEN J. KEMMISH AND THOMAS A. HAMOR

*Department of Chemistry, University of Birmingham, Birmingham B15 2TT, England*

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**Abstract.** (I) 8-Chloro-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-methyl-4*H*-imidazo[1,2-*a*][1,4]benzodiazepine,  $C_{18}H_{13}Cl_2N_3$ ,  $M_r = 342.2$ , monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ ,  $a = 13.168$  (3),  $b = 14.852$  (3),  $c = 8.286$  (2) Å,  $\beta = 94.45$  (2)°,  $V = 1615.6$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ,  $D_x = 1.407$  g cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $\lambda(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 0.71069$  Å,  $\mu = 3.95$  cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $F(000) = 704$ ,  $T = 293$  K,  $R = 0.042$  for 796 observed reflections. (II) 8-Chloro-6-(2-chlorophenyl)-1-(4-pyridyl)-1,2,4-triazolo[4,3-*a*]-[1,4]benzodiazepine,  $C_{21}H_{13}Cl_2N_5$ ,  $M_r = 406.3$ , orthorhombic,  $Pbca$ ,  $a = 21.560$  (3),  $b = 8.790$  (1),  $c = 19.866$  (5) Å,  $V = 3764.9$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 8$ ,  $D_x =$

$1.434$  g cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $\lambda(\text{Mo } K\alpha) = 0.71069$  Å,  $\mu = 3.5$  cm<sup>-1</sup>,  $F(000) = 1664$ ,  $T = 293$  K,  $R = 0.042$  for 2196 observed reflections. The angle between the mean planes of the chlorophenyl ring and the fused benzo moiety is 77 (1)° in (I) and 78 (1)° in (II). The seven-membered heterocyclic ring adopts a cycloheptatriene-like boat conformation with bow and stern angles of 55 (1) and 33 (1)° in (I), and 53.4 (7) and 34.3 (7)° in (II). In both compounds the five-membered heterocyclic ring and the two aromatic rings are each planar to within  $\pm 0.02$  Å. Bond lengths and angles are normal.

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